# Trump hits India with 25% tariff, plus penalty

Move comes after two nations fail to seal interim trade deal; govt says will take steps necessary to secure national interest

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US President Donald Trump on Wednesday announced a 25 per cent tariff on exports from India starting August 1, along with an unspecified penalty to be imposed for India's defence and energy procurements from Russia. This may have a significant adverse impact on India's shipments to its largest market that accounts for about a fifth of its exports.

President Trump's unilateral pronouncement of the levy came early morning Washington time (5:39 pm IST) and caps the inability of India and the US to strike an interim trade deal after five rounds of intense negotiations before August 1, when the US is set to implement steep, country-specific reciprocal tariffs for trading partners.



An interim deal was intended to serve as a precursor to the first tranche of the bilateral trade agreement (BTA), which Prime Minister Narendra Modi

and Trump in February had decided to finalise by September-October, and India had hoped to avoid the 26 per cent reciprocal tariff Trump had announced for its goods in April.

As it turns out, the levy on Indian exports to be effective from August 1 is only marginally lower. Currently, Indian exporters bear a 10 per cent baseline tariff, over and above the existing World Trade Organisation (WTO)-compatible duties.

"Remember, while India is our friend, we have, over the years, done relatively little business with them because their Tariffs are far too high, among the highest in the World, and they have the most strenuous and obnoxious non-monetary Trade Barriers of any Country. Also, they have always bought a vast majority of their military equipment from



Russia, and are Russia's largest buyer of energy, along with China, at a time when everyone wants Russia to stop the killing in Ukraine—all things not good!" Trump said on his social media platform Truth Social.

"India will therefore be paying a tariff of 25 per cent, plus a penalty for the above, starting on August first," Trump said, further adding that the US has a "massive" trade deficit with India. India's merchandise exports to the US stood at \$86.5 billion in FY25 with a trade surplus of \$40.8 billion.

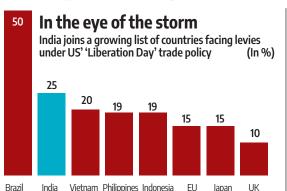
"I think President Trump is frustrated

with the progress we've made with India but feels that a 25 per cent tariff will address and remedy the situation in a way that's good for the American people," White House economic adviser Kevin Hassett said.

The Ministry of Commerce & Industry said in a statement that India is committed to concluding a fair, balanced and mutually beneficial bilateral trade agreement with the US through negotiations.

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## What is tariff 'penalty'?

Earlier this month, US Presi-

dent Donald Trump threatened to impose secondary tariffs of up to 100 per cent on countries trading with Russia, unless Moscow agreed to a ceasefire with Ukraine within 50 days. On Monday, Trump shortened the timeline to 10-12 days. A proposed legislation in the US Congress, the Sanctioning Russia Act of 2025, includes a provision to impose tariffs as high as 500 per cent on countries such as India and China that continue purchasing Russian energy products. The Trump administration has also been pressuring India to cut its defence ties with Russia.

#### India's trade surplus with US

(\$ bn)

Source: Commerce Department



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#### Russian oil buys under spotlight

Trump sanctions may spell the beginning of the end of India's import of Russian oil, accounting for nearly 45 per cent of the total crude oil imports.

### Pharma Inc hopes for a fairer deal

India's pharmaceuticals and medical devices industry is still hopeful that trade negotiations with the US could cut a fairer deal for both sides.

## Little impact on electronic items

The US administration will continue with the exemptions from any tariff on imports to the US with key electronics products even after August 1.

## Textile industry faces uncertainty

The textile industry in India called the 25 per cent rate a setback to its export ambitions, while expressing hope for a solution.

## Trump hits India with 25% tariff plus penalty

"The government attaches the is now scheduled to take place from "The UK, EU, Japan, Indonesia, and clear bearing on our exports, we utmost importance to protecting August 25 in New Delhi, Despite and promoting the welfare of our pressure from the US administration farmers, entrepreneurs, and MSMEs to strike a trade deal to avoid imposition of reciprocal tariffs, the pact did [micro, small and medium enterprises]. The Government will take all not materialise due to disagreements between both sides over consteps necessary to secure our national interest, as has been the tentious issues related to agriculture case with other trade agreements and dairy. including the latest Comprehensive

Economic and Trade Agreement Global Trade Research Initiative with the UK," it stated. noted that Trump's tariff plus pen-Till this week, Indian governalty on Indian goods appears harsh, ment officials maintained that virbut a closer look shows India is not tual talks between both sides are on, significantly worse off than counthe next formal round of discussion tries that did sign deals with the U.S.

and in return, have given sweeping concessions — zero tariffs on U.S. farm goods, massive investment pledges, and purchases of U.S. oil, gas, and arms. India has made no

such concessions," it pointed out. However, Indian businesses are New Delhi-based think tank not as sanguine. President of industry body FICCI. Harsha Vardhan Agarwal, expressed disappointment move is unfortunate and will have a electronic goods. "On the positive

Vietnam now face elevated tariffs. hope that this imposition of higher tariffs will be a short-term phenomenon and that a permanent trade deal between the two sides will be

finalised soon," he said. president and economist at Elara Securities, said the 25 per cent tariff rate is certainly a negative development as it compares to lower rates for peers such as Vietnam, Indoneat the 25 per cent tariff on exports sia, and the Philippines which comfrom India and the imposition of pete with India in a similar category secondary sanctions. "While this of labour-intensive products and

hotchpotch deal that would have to its agriculture and dairy sector may have had much deeper ramifications politically, socially, and

eventually on livelihoods." Mithileshwar Thakur, Secretary General Apparel Export Promotion Garima Kapoor, executive vice Council (AEPC) said they were expecting a reciprocal tariff close to 20 per cent, with no conditionality attached which would have placed the Indian players at an advantageous situation vis-à-vis Bangladesh and China, and at par with Vietnam. "However, a 25 percent tariff with an additional clause of penalty in case of procurement of energy and arms

side, it is pertinent to note that any and ammunition from Russia, has upset the equation and sent trade compelled India to give concessions possibilities with the US into a zone of uncertainty," he remarked.

Vinod Kumar, president of India SME Forum, said export-driven MSMEs across engineering goods, auto components, textiles, apparel, leather, gems and jewellery, handicrafts, and select pharmaceuticals will feel the most immediate impact in the form of reduced order volumes, compressed margins, and slower payment cycles. "The tariff makes sectors such as pharmaceuticals, electronics, auto parts, and other high-value exports especially vulnerable to intense competition,"

A hit on exports is likely to weigh on India's growth story too. "When the US had initially imposed tariffs. we had lowered our forecast of India's GDP expansion to 6.2% for FY2026, presuming a tepid rise in exports and a delay in private capex," recalled Aditi Navar, chief economist at rating firm ICRA. "The tariff (and penalty) now proposed by the US is higher than what we had anticipated, and is therefore likely to pose a headwind to India's GDP growth. The extent of the downside will depend on the size of the penalties imposed," she concluded.

With inputs from Harsh Kumar and Reuters