#### BUDGET INSIGHT OUT 2025-26

## CHARTING A NEW GROWTH PATH

#### A PwC report

### **MSME**

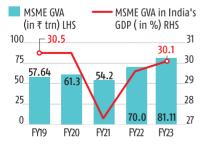
#### **Key challenges**

- A major share of MSMEs are unincorporated and non-agricultural, resulting in exclusion from government support programmes due to lack of formalisation, hindering their growth
- Lack of credit history, inability to provide collateral, high borrowing costs, and limited capacity to service debt obstruct their working capital management and scaling opportunities
- MSMEs face informational asymmetries, limited consumer visibility, and weak branding and marketing capabilities, making it difficult to establish their brands
- High costs of R&D, product design, technology acquisition, and production upgrades prevent MSMEs from diversifying and updating their product portfolios

## **Industry** ask

- There is a need to expand access to affordable financing. Business loans in India, with rates exceeding 10% p.a., remain challenging for MSMEs
- Small scale ops and low profit margins make MSMEs less attractive to lenders and investors. Upscaling initiatives like the socially responsible investing fund can help mobilise PE and foreign expertise
- MSMEs face hurdles in accessing information, and business connections. Market-driven interventions like training, capacity building, global B2B platforms, and export acceleration centers at the sectoral/district level are critical to boost MSME exports

# **Snapshot** MSMFS



Sources: PIB, RBI

TO DRIVE INCLUSIVE GROWTH
AND VIKSIT BHARAT, THE GOVT MUST
PRIORITISE INCREASED BUDGET ALLOCATIONS
FOR CAPACITY-BUILDING PROGRAMMES
AND INITIATIVES AIMED AT MSME
INTEGRATION WITH
GLOBAL VALUE CHAINS"
MOHAMMAD ATHAR
(SAIF)
Partner & Leader (P&I and
Industrial Development,
PWC India